CURRICULUM MAP – Year 11 COMBINED SCIENCE Each topic will cover the key enquiry processes, relevant maths skills and cultural capital. See corresponding schemes of work for more detail.



| HT1: | HT2: | Assessment | HT3: | HT4: | Assessment | HT5 |
|--------------------------------|-------------------------------|----------------|-------------------------------|------------------------------|----------------|-----------------------------|
| INTENT | INTENT | Students will | INTENT | INTENT | Students will | INTENT |
| Ecology 4.7 | Inheritance, Variation and | be assessed | Forces 6.5 | Homeostasis and Response | be assessed | Magnetism 6.7 |
| In this section we will | Evolution 4.6 | by a series of | We learn about forces and | <u>4.5</u> | by a series of | We learn about permanent |
| explore how humans are | We will discover how the | end of topic | their interactions, forces in | We learn the structure and | end of topic | and induced magnetism and |
| threatening biodiversity as | number of chromosomes are | tests followed | motion and Newton's Laws | function of the nervous and | tests followed | how a magnet moving in a |
| well as the natural systems | halved during meiosis and | by a larger | of Motion. Engineers analyse | hormonal system. | by a second | coil can produce electric |
| that support it. | then combined with new | MOCK | forces when designing a | | MOCK or | current and also that when |
| | genes from the sexual | assessment at | great variety of machines | Link to forces (reaction | interleaved | current flows around a |
| Delivered in the warmer | partner to produce unique | the end of the | and instruments, from road | times) | paper at the | magnet it can produce |
| months for fieldwork | offspring. | term. | bridges and fairground rides | | end of HT3. | movement. |
| | | | to atomic force microscopes. | CL - Neurosurgeon, Optician, | | |
| CL - Ecologist, Marine | Link to non-communicable | | | Dietician, Nephrologist. | | CL- Rail Technician, Sound |
| Biologist, Conservationist, | diseases in 4.3 | | CL- Engineer | | | Engineer Radiologist, Auto |
| Sustainability Officer. | | | | | | Engineer |
| | CL- Genetic counsellor and | | Chemistry of the | MOCK EXAMS | | |
| Rate and Extent of Chemical | palaeontologist | | Atmosphere 5.9 | | | Chemical Analysis 5.8 |
| Change 5.6 | | | We learn that the Earth's | | | We learn about the range of |
| We learn that whilst the | Organic Chemistry 5.7 | | atmosphere is dynamic and | | | qualitative tests to detect |
| reactivity of chemicals is a | The chemistry of carbon | | forever changing. The causes | | | specific chemicals. |
| significant factor in how fast | compounds is so important | | of these changes are | | | Instrumental methods as a |
| chemical reactions proceed, | that it forms a separate | | sometimes man-made and | | | means of analysing the |
| there are many variables | branch of chemistry. We | | sometimes part of natural | | | composition of chemicals. |
| that can be | learn that a great variety of | | cycles. | | | |
| manipulated in order to | carbon compounds is | | | | | Link to particle model and |
| speed them up or slow them | possible because carbon | | Link to Ecology and Organic | | | energy changes |
| down. We learn that some | atoms can form chains and | | Chemistry | | | |
| reactions are reversible and | rings linked by C-C bonds. | | | | | CL- Environmental Officer |
| the yield can vary depending | | | CL- Environmental Officer, | | | Forensics, Glass Artist |
| on the conditions. | Link to enzymes, DNA as a | | Vehicle Maintenance, energy | | | Skincare Scientist. |
| | polymer and inheritance | | analyst, Geologist. | | | |
| Link to energy changes | | | | | | Using Resources 5.10 |
| Link to organisation | CL- Petroleum engineer, | | | | | Industries use the Earth's |
| (enzymes as catalysts) | Offshore drilling worker. | | | | | natural resources to |



| Link to limiting factors in | | | | manufacture useful |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------|--|--|-------------------------------|
| Bioenergetics (Year 10) | Forces 6.5 | | | products. In this topic, we |
| | We learn about forces and | | | learn that in order to |
| CL- Pollution Prevention | their interactions, forces in | | | operate sustainably, |
| Control Officer, Chemical | motion and Newton's Laws | | | chemists seek to minimise |
| Engineer, Technician, | of Motion. Engineers analyse | | | the use of limited resources, |
| Materials Scientist. | forces when designing a | | | use of energy, waste and |
| | great variety of machines | | | environmental impact in the |
| <u>Waves 6.6</u> | and instruments, from road | | | manufacture of these |
| We learn how waves carry | bridges and fairground rides | | | products. Chemists also aim |
| energy from one place to | to atomic force microscopes. | | | to develop ways of |
| another and how they carry | | | | disposing of products at the |
| information. | Link to homeostasis and | | | end of their useful life in |
| | response (reaction times) | | | ways that ensure that |
| Link to atomic structure | | | | materials and stored |
| (Year 10) and taught before | CL- Engineer | | | energy is utilised. |
| 5.9 | | | | |
| | | | | Link to chemistry of the |
| CL- Audiologist, acoustic | | | | atmosphere |
| Engineer, Seismologist, | | | | |
| Optometrist, Sound | | | | CL- Environmental Chemist, |
| Engineer, Lighting Designer. | | | | Waste management. |
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