

Disadvantaged Pupils Strategy 2019-2020

Policy Owner	Assistant Headteacher: Raising Standards
Responsible Committee	Quality of Education Committee
Date of Adoption	September 2019
Date of Review	March 2020

St James' Mission Statement:

To ensure everyone within our school **family** achieves their full potential, to encourage learning and development through **faith**, and to strive for **excellence**

Rationale:

The DFE continues to provide additional funding to schools to help disadvantaged pupils of all abilities perform better, and close the gap between them and their peers. We believe that all students within our school family should be given equal opportunity to reach their full potential.

Aims:

• To ensure disadvantaged students make the same or better progress in comparison to their nondisadvantaged peers nationally utilising additional funding to provide academic and pastoral support



Summary Information

School	St James' Catholic High School, Cheadle Hulme		
Academic Year	2019-2020		
Total number of pupils	803		
Number eligible for Disadvantaged funding	133		
Total Disadvantaged budget	£95,370		
Date of most recent Disadvantaged review	September 2019		
Date of next internal review of Disadvantaged strategy	March 2020		

Current Attainment and Achievement

	Disadvantaged 2018	Disadvantaged 2019*	Non-Disadvantaged National Average 2018	Disadvantaged <i>National</i> Average 2018
Progress 8	-0.53	Not yet available	-0.02	-0.44
Attainment 8	44.15	45.02	49.96	36.6
% achieving 5+ EM	33.3%	43.8%	50%	24.6%
% achieving 4+ EM	57.1%	81.3%	71%	44.4

^{*}Based on indicative data

Barriers to future attainment (for pupils qualifying for disadvantaged funding)

In School Barriers

- A. Pastoral issues for a small group of KS4 pupils (mostly eligible for PP) may hinder their academic progress and that of their peers
- B. Low aspiration and confidence, including a lack of engagement in school events and extra-curricular activities
- C. Some pupils have a disorganised approach to their studies, a lack of appropriate resources, or lack of propensity to retain learning

External Barriers

- D. Attendance of disadvantaged pupils is below that of non-disadvantaged pupils
- E. Parental engagement including attendance at parents' evening
- F. Some students require additional support with study skills and preparation for examinations



De	sired Outcomes and Impact	Success Criteria; How Impact is Measured
1.	To improve the progress of disadvantaged pupils and close the gap between them and their non-disadvantaged peers through more effective links between academic and pastoral provision.	Improved P8 figures for disadvantaged pupils to >0. This will be tracked at each termly data point and also be a focus of Faculty and Line Management meetings
2.	Increase disadvantaged pupil engagement with school events including extra- curricular activities and school trips in order to raise aspirations and increase readiness for life beyond Year 11.	Greater involvement of disadvantaged pupils in a wide range of activities including sport, music, drama and school trips. Records of attendance kept for extracurricular activities to monitor this. Aim is for 75% of disadvantaged pupils to participate in some form of extra-curricular activity during 2019/20
3.	To identify subject specific areas for improvement amongst KS4 disadvantaged pupils and to ensure they are given appropriate support and continual monitoring within these subject areas.	Improved P8 figures for disadvantaged pupils across all subjects to ensure Subject Progress Index (SPI) figures are >0 for disadvantaged cohort. This will be tracked at each termly data point and also be a focus of Faculty and Line Management meetings
4.	To continue to improve the attendance of disadvantaged pupils through a variety of support methods.	Improved attendance figures amongst disadvantaged learners to be a minimum of 96%
5.	To increase parental attendance at parents' evenings and school events.	Increased parental engagement of disadvantaged pupils in school events to 75% minimum



Review of Expenditure 2018-2019

Actions	Intended Outcomes	Actual Outcomes	Lessons learned	Cost
Raise awareness of disadvantaged students including data rich seating plans for each class	To raise the achievement of disadvantaged students	Expectation as part of T & L framework (non-negotiables); checked during lesson observations and work scrutiny.	More formal approach needed to ensure consistency across all faculties.	
Faculty line management meetings and data analysis focus on disadvantaged	To close the gap in progress between disadvantaged and non-disadvantaged learners compared with national data	Standing item on each line management meeting agenda; PP tracker used to raise awareness of needs of disadvantaged pupils.	Make this a standing item on every faculty meeting as well; ensure monitoring of tracker.	£10 000
Quality assurance of all line management meetings by the Headteacher	Quality assurance, lesson observations, seating plans, teacher planning and work scrutiny focus on disadvantaged	Disadvantaged pupils have been a focus in all meetings and during lesson observations; SLT review of disadvantaged books.	Quality assurance of all faculty meetings by line managers (checking of PP focus).	
Continued improved teaching and learning to improve progress of disadvantaged learners	School research group with focus on the disadvantaged to identify and disseminate techniques to support the progress of disadvantaged learners Focused mentoring of disadvantaged pupils during transition phases of Year 7 and Year 11 to improve progress and attendance	SRC group has discussed potential ideas for improving disadvantaged outcomes. Close monitoring and support with Year 11 exam preparation; 1:1 meetings during form time with designated member of staff.	Consider these ideas for next year. Continue with focused mentoring of Year 11 pupils.	£65 000
Quality First teaching; English and Maths intervention for identified pupils	To raise the achievement of disadvantaged students To close the gap in progress between disadvantaged and	Use of TA in maths to support underachieving pupils. Study sessions delivered and pupils more aware of subject	Closer monitoring of English intervention and continued maths intervention.	



Actions	Intended Outcomes	Actual Outcomes	Lessons learned	Cost
Improve meta-cognition and Growth	non-disadvantaged within	specific skills needed to prepare	Make all staff more aware	
Mindset	school	effectively for exams.	of contents of study	
Study Sessions for MFL and Science			sessions.	
Targeted intervention by attendance		Attendance of disadvantaged	Continued close monitoring	
officer and pastoral team	To prince the control of	pupils has improved.	of attendance of	
	To raise the attendance of	papiro nas improvedi	disadvantaged pupils.	
Rewards and incentives	disadvantaged students	Attendance lottery and Easter		
		egg competition to boost	Continue to offer incentives	
Meetings with parents / carers		attendance.	and rewards for attendance.	
	High quality homework			
Provision of laptops	produced by disadvantaged	Laptops provided for pupils	Monitor use of laptops	
	learners which demonstrates	without access to computer at	through questionnaires.	
Homework club	clear understanding of key	home.		
	concepts To monitor the impact of			
	pastoral support disadvantaged		Questionnaires to be	
	students have been given	Questionnaires given out and	completed once per term to monitor pastoral impact and	£10 000
Conduct pupil questionnaires	students have been given	completed; quantitative data	subsequent areas for action.	
	To check the use of additional	collected to inform areas for		
	equipment and whether this is	development.	Sharing of questionnaire	
	still needed		results with all staff.	
	More disadvantaged pupils are			
Raise the profile of extracurricular	engaged with extracurricular	Profile of clubs raised.		
activities within school amongst	activities	Name alviles on effect and everilely	Keep record of attendance	
disadvantaged learners		More clubs on offer and available for all to attend.	for extra-curricular clubs	
	More disadvantaged pupils	Tor an to attend.	and consider offering	
Promote visits and engage specifically	engaged with visits and	Disadvantaged have been	rewards.	
with disadvantaged learners	financial support provided	supported on school visits.		
	where appropriate			



Actions	Intended Outcomes	Actual Outcomes	Lessons learned	Cost
Use of Damascus and Emmaus rooms	Reduced number of fixed term	Emmaus and Damascus used	Continue to monitor quality	
to promote high standards of	exclusions and clear focus on	effectively; number of FTE	of educational provision in	£30 000
behaviour and engagement	learning amongst disadvantaged pupils	reduced.	Damascus.	



Planned Expenditure 2019-2020

Quality of teaching for all

Barriers	Chosen Actions/ Approach	Rationale	QA	Lead Staff	Expected impact and Reviews of Implementation
A: pastoral issues B: low aspirations C: organisation and retention of learning	Formalised seating plans to ensure a consistent approach across the school and reflect a mix of disadvantaged and non-disadvantaged pupils to ensure exposure to higher level vocabulary.	Consistency in seating plans within the classroom contribute to a sense of continuity and stability across each subject. In general, a more regimented environment helps pupils, especially disadvantaged pupils, to feel in control of their studies. Assessment of disadvantaged pupils' work highlights that vocabulary is a key area for development, in line with national themes. Richer vocabulary leads to better quality exam responses and therefore attainment in literacy-based subjects	SG, CP and VT will monitor through Heads of Faculties	Heads of Faculties will ensure that consistent seating plans are being put in place Line managers will review seating plans in conjunction with observations to ensure that seating plans provide platform for vocabulary development	Lesson observations and work scrutiny evidence seating plans. Line managers will be expected to monitor the consistency across their faculties and to report termly to VT and CP on whether this is being embedded. Increased confidence in vocabulary seen in disadvantaged pupils through assessment of work across all literacy-based subjects. This will be reflected in termly data. Measure confidence in using new words through pupil voice questionnaires. Performance of disadvantaged and non-disadvantaged pupils across all year groups in TD1, TD2 and TD3 to be more aligned and return an SPI of >0 in 2019/20 by TD3.
A: pastoral issues B: low aspirations C: organisation and retention of learning	Focused mentoring of disadvantaged Year 11 pupils: To monitor and offer additional intervention as appropriate through mentoring and	The EEF Toolkit suggests that targeted interventions matched to specific students with particular needs can be effective, especially for older	СР	Pastoral team to provide specific pastoral support to Year 11 students.	Improvement in termly data and ATL; pupil voice and data analysis to evaluate impact on progress of disadvantaged Year 11 pupils.



Chosen Actions/ Approach	Rationale	QA	Lead Staff	Expected impact and Reviews of Implementation
wellbeing support in order to improve readiness to learn as well as mental health of disadvantaged pupils. To remove any barriers to academic success through improved metacognition and to track progress and performance.	pupils. To this end, this intervention will focus primarily on Year 11 pupils given the specific pastoral issues noted within that year group.			
Quality First teaching; English and Maths intervention for identified pupils	The Sutton Trust report (2011): The effects of high-quality teaching are especially significant for pupils from disadvantaged backgrounds: over a school year, these pupils gain 1.5 years' worth of learning with very effective teachers, compared with 0.5 years with poorly performing teachers.	CP and VT to review interventions being offered by staff across all subjects.	SG to oversee implementation of specific interventions. JH and LM to ensure targeted intervention is feature of each lesson observation and Faculty meetings.	Performance of disadvantaged and non-disadvantaged pupils across all year groups in TD1, TD2 and TD3 to be more aligned and return an SPI of >0 in 2019/20 by TD3.
Subject specific study sessions and feedback to staff to improve metacognition.	There is a need to narrow the progress gap between disadvantaged and non-disadvantaged pupils, but also to ensure disadvantaged pupils have necessary study skills to enable effective completion of homework and revision (KS4).	CP and VT to monitor that targeted subject- specific study sessions take place across all core subjects.	Heads of Faculties for all core subjects to arrange monthly subject-specific study sessions for pupils	Enhancement of subject specific knowledge, including study skills, evidenced in TD1, TD2 and TD3. Improvement in confidence with homework and revision to be monitored through pupil voice questionnaires.
	improve readiness to learn as well as mental health of disadvantaged pupils. To remove any barriers to academic success through improved metacognition and to track progress and performance. Quality First teaching; English and Maths intervention for identified pupils Subject specific study sessions and feedback to staff to	improve readiness to learn as well as mental health of disadvantaged pupils. To remove any barriers to academic success through improved metacognition and to track progress and performance. Quality First teaching; English and Maths intervention for identified pupils The Sutton Trust report (2011): The effects of high-quality teaching are especially significant for pupils from disadvantaged backgrounds: over a school year, these pupils gain 1.5 years' worth of learning with very effective teachers, compared with 0.5 years with poorly performing teachers. Subject specific study sessions and feedback to staff to improve metacognition. The Sutton Trust report (2011): The effects of high-quality teaching are especially significant for pupils from disadvantaged backgrounds: over a school year, these pupils gain 1.5 years' worth of learning with very effective teachers, compared with 0.5 years with poorly performing teachers. There is a need to narrow the progress gap between disadvantaged and non-disadvantaged pupils, but also to ensure disadvantaged pupils have necessary study skills to enable effective completion of	improve readiness to learn as well as mental health of disadvantaged pupils. To remove any barriers to academic success through improved metacognition and to track progress and performance. Quality First teaching; English and Maths intervention for identified pupils The Sutton Trust report (2011): The effects of high-quality teaching are especially significant for pupils from disadvantaged backgrounds: over a school year, these pupils gain 1.5 years' worth of learning with very effective teachers, compared with 0.5 years with poorly performing teachers. Subject specific study sessions and feedback to staff to improve metacognition. Subject specific study sessions and feedback to staff to improve metacognition. Intervention will focus primarily on Year 11 pupils given the specific pastoral issues noted within that year group. CP and VT to review interventions being offered by staff across all subjects. There is a need to narrow the progress gap between disadvantaged and nondisadvantaged and nondisadvantaged pupils, but also to ensure disadvantaged pupils, but also to ensure disadvantaged pupils have necessary study skills to enable effective completion of	improve readiness to learn as well as mental health of disadvantaged pupils. To remove any barriers to academic success through improved metacognition and to track progress and performance. Quality First teaching; English and Maths intervention for identified pupils The Sutton Trust report (2011): The effects of high-quality teaching are especially significant for pupils from disadvantaged backgrounds: over a school year, these pupils gain 1.5 years' worth of learning with very effective teachers, compared with 0.5 years with poorly performing teachers. Subject specific study sessions and feedback to staff to improve metacognition. Subject specific study sessions and feedback to staff to improve metacognition. Find the specific pastoral issues noted within that year group. CP and VT to review interventions being offered by staff across all subjects. JH and LM to ensure targeted intervention is feature of each lesson observation and Faculty meetings. There is a need to narrow the progress gap between disadvantaged and non-disadvantaged and non-disadvantaged and non-disadvantaged pupils, but also to ensure disadvantaged pupils, but also to enable effective completion of homework and revision (KS4).

Targeted support



Barriers	Chosen Actions/ Approach	Rationale	QA	Lead Staff	Expected Impact and Reviews of Implementation
A: pastoral issues D: attendance E: parental engagement	Targeted intervention by attendance officer and pastoral team.	We cannot improve attainment for children if they are not actually attending school. NfER briefing for school leaders identifies addressing attendance as a key step.	DS to monitor trends in attendance of disadvantaged pupils Progress to be monitored weekly by SLT.	CH and DS to work with pastoral team to implement targeted interventions for individual pupils through letters, meetings with parents / guardians etc.	Improved attendance to reach at least the expected 96% across the disadvantaged pupil cohort.
D: Attendance E: parental engagement	Targeted meetings with parents /carers of specific disadvantaged pupils who are not making the required progress, not completing homework or with behavioural / attendance problems, or pastoral matters impacting on studies.	Interventions within school can only go so far to improving the attainment and progress of disadvantaged pupils. Buy-in from parents / carers and support with intervention strategies at home are essential.	VT to monitor whether the school is successful in engaging with parents / carers of identified pupils.	CP, VT and HoYs to facilitate separate meetings with parents / carers where there are concerns or where there is little or no attendance at parents' evening.	Increased number of parents of disadvantaged pupils attending parents' evening to be monitored. Parental engagement to reach a minimum of 75%.
C: organisation and retention of learning D: attendance E: parental engagement F: study skills and exam preparation	Raising the profile of homework club amongst disadvantaged pupils and encouraging them to attend.	For those currently attending homework club it is found to be a useful space for completing homework, with teachers available of whom to ask questions. This is borne out by disadvantaged pupil questionnaires; those who attend homework club generally find it useful in helping them to focus on their	VT to monitor changes in attendance at homework club.	VT and SP to raise profile through targeted letters home or conversations with disadvantaged pupils.	Increased attendance at homework club by disadvantaged pupils. Register of attendees to be maintained and number of disadvantaged pupils in attendance to be recorded. Expectation is that attendance by disadvantaged pupils will improve by 25% during 2019/20.



Barriers	Chosen Actions/ Approach	Rationale	QA	Lead Staff	Expected Impact and Reviews of Implementation
A: pastoral issues B: low aspirations C: organisation and retention of learning D: attendance F: study skills and exam preparation	Mentoring of underachieving Year 11 pupils: Identification of disadvantaged pupils that have completed Year 10 and have not made the required level of progress and – where required – pastoral intervention.	work. It also helps to improve organisation, and mitigates the issue of pupils having no space at home that is conducive to homework being completed effectively and without distraction. The EEF Toolkit suggests that targeted interventions matched to specific students who are underperforming can be effective, especially for older pupils. Given the importance of addressing underperformance amongst KS4 students, mentoring of underachieving Year 11s will be a priority for the school whilst ensuring pupils' mental health and wellbeing is considered and supported by mentors.	CP and VT to monitor whether mentoring sessions are taking place for all identified underachieving pupils.	CP to lead staff in mentoring of pupils and ensure regular check ins to identify where further support is required.	Review of data from Year 10 TD3 to Year 11 mock exam results; pupil voice feedback to gauge and demonstrate that confidence is increasing. Target to improve P8 score for this cohort of underperforming students by 0.2 between Year 10 and 11.
A: pastoral issues B: low aspirations C: organisation and retention of learning	Prefect mentoring of Year 7 disadvantaged pupils to ensure readiness to learn and to support pupils' wellbeing.	Given the difficulty that some disadvantaged pupils experience in the transition to secondary school, mentoring by older pupils from Year 11 can help Year 7 pupils to settle in, to feel organised in their studies and to have someone closer in age to discuss any issues.	CP and VT to monitor whether prefect mentoring is actively taking place.	VT to ensure prefects are matched with key disadvantaged Year 7s and to encourage meetings between mentors and mentees at least three times per term. Pastoral matters raised	Additional support with homework, organisation and reading; increased confidence around school reviewed through specific pupil voice questionnaires for Year 7.



Barriers	Chosen Actions/ Approach	Rationale	QA	Lead Staff	Expected Impact and Reviews of Implementation
				through these	
				sessions to be	
				referred to	
				pastoral team.	
			Total budgeted Cost		£30 000

Other approaches

Barriers	Chosen Actions/ Approach	Rationale	QA	Lead Staff	Expected impact and milestones
A: pastoral issues	Completion of pupil voice	Having undertaken a	CP to review	VT to arrange for	Closer monitoring of impact of
B: low aspirations	questionnaires for all	questionnaire of all	outcomes from	completion of	disadvantaged strategies and
D: attendance	disadvantaged pupils.	disadvantaged pupils in 2018/19, it is essential that we	questionnaires and to lead on the	disadvantaged pupil voice	resource provision; thematic results to be socialised amongst
		undertake the same surveys in	drawing up of an	questionnaires	all staff to raise awareness.
		2019/20 with a view to	action plan in	questionnaires	all stall to laise awai elless.
		capturing changing attitudes	response to		
		and behaviours, in order to	identified themes		
		assess whether our strategies	and trends.		
		around engagement and			
		attainment of disadvantaged			
		pupils are delivering the desired			
		improvements.			
C: organisation	Subject disadvantaged tracker	Capturing the status and	VT and line managers	HoFs	Raising awareness of needs of
and retention of	with disadvantaged as standing	required progress of			disadvantaged pupils within each
learning	item on faculty meetings.	disadvantaged pupils in a single			faculty and across faculties
E: parental		tracker by subject can help to			
engagement		provide clarity and focus minds			
		on areas for individual			
		improvement and broader			
		classroom priorities.			
B: low aspirations	Raising the profile of extra-	Council for Learning Outside	VT	Extra-curricular	Greater engagement with extra-
	curricular activities and	the Classroom – Paper on Using		leads and JC	curricular activities across all year
	monitoring the attendance of	Pupil Premium funding for			groups.



Barriers	Chosen Actions/ Approach	Rationale	QA	Lead Staff	Expected impact and milestones
	disadvantaged pupils to	learning outside of the			
	improve readiness for life.	classroom highlights the			
		importance of the role extra-			
		curricular activities play in			
		engagement in school life and			
		with studies.			
B: low aspirations	University visit	Aspirations of disadvantaged	СР	VT and LW	Raise aspirations of Year 9 and 10
		pupils can be altered by			disadvantaged pupils. Aim is that
		exposure to new experience			all of the more able
		they may not have considered,			disadvantaged pupils will attend
		encouraging them to pursue			and engage with the University
		the option of higher education			visit. Questionnaire to be
		and improving their readiness			circulated after visit to capture
		for life beyond Year 11.			attitudes towards higher
					education and aspirations.
B: low aspirations	Army day	It is important for our	СР	CP, VT and OW	Raise awareness of career
		disadvantaged pupils to be			opportunities and build
		exposed to a variety of possible			confidence
		career opportunities, and the			
		positive messages of personal			
		development and discipline			
		being communicated will be			
		inspirational for some of our			
		pupils, encouraging them to			
		consider life beyond Year 11.			
B: low aspirations	Monitoring of access to careers	As part of the Gatsby	PL	HG	Raise awareness of possible
E: parental	advice for disadvantaged pupils	Benchmarks, our students are			career paths; parental
engagement		entitled to a range of careers			communication
		advice and opportunities to			
		ensure they are fully informed			
		of future opportunities and to			
		improve their readiness for life.			
A: pastoral issues	Ensure that all rewards include	Council for Learning Outside	CP and VT to ensure	FTs, HoYs, DS	Records kept of rewards offered
B: low aspirations	fair balance of disadvantaged	the Classroom – Paper on Using	all staff are aware of		to all pupils to be monitored



Barriers	Chosen Actions/ Approach	Rationale	QA	Lead Staff	Expected impact and milestones
C: organisation	pupils, including reward and	Pupil Premium funding for	the students entitled	Trip leaders to	
and retention of	educational trips.	learning outside of the	to access the funding	liaise regularly	
learning		classroom highlights the	for such trips.	with finance to	
		importance of the role extra-		ensure PP	
		curricular activities play in		students have full	
		engagement in school life and		access to	
		with studies. This includes		educational visits.	
		school trips and educational			
		trips.			
	£21 000				